

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ultra 300 Red

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Ultra 300 Red  
**SDS code** : YBB729

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

| Identified uses |
|-----------------|
| Consumer use    |

| Uses advised against |
|----------------------|
| None                 |

**Product use** : Solvent borne coating for exterior use.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

|  |   |
|--|---|
| International Paint Ltd.<br>Stoneygate Lane<br>Felling<br>Gateshead<br>Tyne and Wear<br>NE10 0JY UK Tel: +44 (0)191 469 6111<br>Fax: +44 (0)191 438 3711 | International Färg AB<br>Holmedalen 3<br>Aspereds Industriområde<br>SE-424 22 Angered<br>Sweden<br>Tel: +46 (0) 31 928500<br>Fax: +46 (0) 31 928530 |
|--|---|

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : sdsfellinguk@akzonobel.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Center

**Telephone number** : +44 (0)344 892 0111

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226  
Acute Tox. 4, H302  
Skin Irrit. 2, H315  
Eye Dam. 1, H318  
Skin Sens. 1, H317  
STOT RE 2, H373  
Aquatic Acute 1, H400  
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

#### Hazard pictograms



#### Signal word

: Danger

#### Hazard statements

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.  
H302 - Harmful if swallowed.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.  
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

##### General

: P102 - Keep out of reach of children.  
P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

##### Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P260 - Do not breathe vapor.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

##### Response

: P391 - Collect spillage.  
P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell.  
P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.  
P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

##### Storage

: P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

##### Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national or international regulations.

#### Hazardous ingredients

: dicopper oxide  
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene  
Rosin  
Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine  
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine

#### Supplemental label elements

: Not applicable.

#### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

#### Special packaging requirements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

**Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings** : Not applicable.  
**Tactile warning of danger** : Yes, applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

**Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII** : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.  
**Other hazards which do not result in classification** : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

**3.2 Mixtures** : Mixture

| Product/ingredient name                        | Identifiers  | %         | Classification  | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs   | Type    |
|--|--|-----------|---|---|---------|
| dicopper oxide                                 | REACH #:<br>01-2119513794-36<br>EC: 215-270-7<br>CAS: 1317-39-1<br>Index: 029-002-00-X | ≥25 - ≤50 | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410  | ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg<br>ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 3.34 mg/l<br>M [Acute] = 100<br>M [Chronic] = 10 | [1]     |
| zinc oxide                                     | REACH #:<br>01-2119463881-32<br>EC: 215-222-5<br>CAS: 1314-13-2<br>Index: 030-013-00-7 | ≥10 - ≤15 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410  | M [Acute] = 1<br>M [Chronic] = 1  | [1]     |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene       | REACH #:<br>01-2119488216-32<br>EC: 905-588-0  | ≤11       | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg<br>ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l   | [1] [2] |
| Rosin  | EC: 232-475-7<br>CAS: 8050-09-7<br>Index: 650-015-00-7                                 | ≥10 - ≤15 | Skin Sens. 1, H317  | -   | [1]     |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics                    | REACH #:<br>01-2119455851-35<br>EC: 918-668-5<br>CAS: 128601-23-0                      | ≤8.2      | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411<br>EUH066  | -   | [1]     |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine | REACH #:<br>01-2119474148-28<br>01-2119974148-28                                       | ≤0.3      | Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1A, H317<br>STOT RE 2, H373  | -   | [1]     |

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

|  |  |      |  |                        |     |
|--|--|------|--|------------------------|-----|
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | EC: 288-315-1<br>CAS: 85711-55-3<br><br>CAS: 147900-93-4 | ≤0.3 | (gastrointestinal tract) (oral)<br><br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411<br><b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b> | ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg | [1] |
|--|--|------|--|------------------------|-----|

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a physical, health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : No specific data.

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
sulfur oxides  
halogenated compounds  
metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.  
: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

| Category  | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold  |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| P5c<br>E1 | 5000 tonne<br>100 tonne         | 50000 tonne<br>200 tonne |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name                  | Exposure limit values   |
|--|---|
| dicopper oxide                           | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [Copper and compounds]</b><br>STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 15 minutes. Form: Dusts and mists<br>TWA: 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and mists |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b><br>STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.        |
| Rosin                                    | <b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation sensitizer.</b><br>STEL: 0.15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Fume<br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume                                     |

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

| Product/ingredient name                                    | Type | Exposure              | Value                  | Population                     | Effects  |
|--|------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| dicopper oxide   | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | Workers                        | Local    |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>    | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 137 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 0.041 mg/kg bw/day     | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Short term Oral       | 0.082 mg/kg bw/day     | General population             | Systemic |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene                   | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 1.6 mg/kg bw/day       | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 14.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 77 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 108 mg/kg bw/day       | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 180 mg/kg bw/day       | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers                        | Local    |
| hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics                                | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 289 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 25 mg/kg               | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Inhalation  | 32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>   | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 11 mg/kg               | General population             | Systemic |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine             | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 11 mg/kg               | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Oral        | 0.012 mg/kg bw/day     | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 0.012 mg/kg bw/day     | General population             | Systemic |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 0.024 mg/kg bw/day     | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 0.024 mg/kg bw/day     | Workers                        | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal      | 0.012 mg/kg bw/day     | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|  |      |                  |                    |                                |          |
|--|------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
|  | DNEL | Long term Oral   | 0.012 mg/kg bw/day | General population [Consumers] | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Oral   | 0.012 mg/kg bw/day | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.012 mg/kg bw/day | General population             | Systemic |
|  | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 0.024 mg/kg bw/day | Workers                        | Systemic |

### PNECs

| Product/ingredient name                                    | Compartment Detail    | Value          | Method Detail            |
|--|-----------------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | Fresh water           | 6 µg/l         | Assessment Factors       |
|  | Marine water          | 6 µg/l         | Assessment Factors       |
|  | Fresh water sediment  | 2.46 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|  | Marine water sediment | 0.25 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|  | Soil                  | 0.28 mg/kg dwt | Equilibrium Partitioning |
|  | Secondary Poisoning   | 0.47 mg/kg     | Assessment Factors       |

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with a protection class of 6 (breakthrough time >480 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Viton® or Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.38 mm. When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 2 or higher (breakthrough time >30 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Recommended gloves: Nitrile, thickness ≥ 0.12 mm. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flattening should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Red.
- Odor** : Solvent.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : 139°C (282.2°F)
- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Greatest known range: Lower: 1.4% Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 35°C (95°F) [Pensky-Martens]
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

| Ingredient name                                      | °C   | °F    | Method |
|--|------|-------|--------|
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, hydrogenated, Me esters | 306  | 582.8 |        |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene             | 432  | 809.6 |        |
| CROMOPHTAL DPP RED BP                                | >400 | >752  |        |

- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable. [DIN EN 1262]

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**Viscosity** : Kinematic (room temperature): 61 mm<sup>2</sup>/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]  
Kinematic (40°C): 111 mm<sup>2</sup>/s [DIN EN ISO 3219]

**Solubility(ies)** :

| Media      | Result                      |
|------------|-----------------------------|
| cold water | Not soluble [OECD (TG 105)] |

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.

**Vapor pressure** :

| Ingredient name                                      | Vapor Pressure at 20°C |          |        | Vapor pressure at 50°C |     |        |
|--|------------------------|----------|--------|------------------------|-----|--------|
|  | mm Hg                  | kPa      | Method | mm Hg                  | kPa | Method |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene             | 6.7                    | 0.89     |        |                        |     |        |
| Resin acids and Rosin acids, hydrogenated, Me esters | 0.0002                 | 0.000027 |        |                        |     |        |

**Density** : 1.826 g/cm<sup>3</sup> [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]

**Vapor density** : Not available.

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

**Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm** : 0

**Minimum ignition energy (mJ)** : Not available.

**Fundamental burning velocity** : Not applicable.

**SADT** : Not available.

**Heat of combustion** : Not available.

### Aerosol product

**Type of aerosol** : Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                          | Species    | Dose       | Exposure |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------|----------|
| dicopper oxide          | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat        | 3.34 mg/l  | 4 hours  |
| zinc oxide              | LD50 Oral                       | Rat        | 1340 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Intraperitoneal            | Rat        | 240 mg/kg  | -        |
| Rosin                   | LD50 Oral                       | Mouse      | 7950 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                       | Guinea pig | 4100 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                       | Mouse      | 4100 mg/kg | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral                       | Rat        | 7600 mg/kg | -        |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name                                    | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|--|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Product as-supplied  | 1462.8       | 9555.5         | N/A                      | 95.6                       | 9.8                                 |
| dicopper oxide   | 500          | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | 3.34                                |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene                   | N/A          | 1100           | N/A                      | 11                         | N/A                                 |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine | 500          | N/A            | N/A                      | N/A                        | N/A                                 |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name                  | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure        | Observation |
|--|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| zinc oxide                               | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg           | -           |
|  | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 5 mg   | -           |
|  | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat     | -     | 8 hours 60 UI   | -           |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 100 %           | -           |
|  | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 mg | -           |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Sensitization

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|--|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
|  | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
|  | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name   | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs          |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine | Category 2 | -                 | -                      |
|   | Category 2 | oral              | gastrointestinal tract |
| Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine                              | Category 2 | -                 | -                      |

### Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name  | Result   |
|--|--|
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1<br>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**Ingestion** : Harmful if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain  
 watering  
 redness  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 pain or irritation  
 redness  
 blistering may occur  
**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.  
**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

| Product/ingredient name | Result                                   | Species  | Exposure                   |
|-------------------------|--|--|----------------------------|
| dicopper oxide          | Acute EC50 30 µg/l Fresh water           | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata                            | 4 days                     |
|                         | Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia similis  | 48 hours                   |
|                         | Acute LC50 350 µg/l Marine water         | Crustaceans - Balanus improvisus - Nauplii                         | 48 hours                   |
|                         | Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water        | Fish - Danio rerio   | 96 hours                   |
|                         | Chronic IC10 0.009 mg/l Fresh water      | Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase | 96 hours                   |
| zinc oxide              | Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water            | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                  | 48 hours                   |
|                         | Acute EC50 0.622 mg/l Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                  | 48 hours                   |
|                         | Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water        | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                  | 48 hours                   |
|                         | Acute LC50 1.25 mg/l Fresh water         | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                  | 48 hours                   |
|                         | Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water           | Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate                                  | 48 hours                   |
|                         | Acute LC50 3.969 mg/l Fresh water        | Fish - Danio rerio - Adult   | 96 hours                   |
|                         | Acute LC50 2.525 mg/l Fresh water        | Fish - Danio rerio - Adult   | 96 hours                   |
|                         | Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water           | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss   | 96 hours                   |
|                         | Acute LC50 2246000 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - Pimephales promelas - Neonate                               | 96 hours                   |
|                         | Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water                                  | Fish - Pimephales promelas |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name                  | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| zinc oxide                               | -                  | 28960       | high      |
| Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene | 3.12               | 8.1 to 25.9 | low       |
| Rosin                                    | 1.9 to 7.7         | -           | high      |

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

**Disposal considerations** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

#### European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:




| Waste code    | Waste designation   |
|---------------|---|
| EWC 08 01 11* | waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances |

#### Packaging

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Disposal considerations** : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

|                                 | ADR/RID  | IMDG   | IATA   |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number     | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name    | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3<br> | 3<br> | 3<br> |
| 14.4 Packing group              | III  | III  | III  |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards      | Yes.   | Marine Pollutant(s): dicopper oxide, zinc oxide  | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.                         |

### Additional information

- ADR/RID** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)
- IMDG** : **Emergency schedules** F-E, \_S-E\_  
The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

- 14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

- 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### UK (GB) /REACH

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

###### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

###### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles** : Not applicable.

#### Other EU regulations

**VOC** : The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC on VOC apply to this product. Refer to the product label and/or technical data sheet for further information.

**VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture** : Not available.

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

#### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

##### Danger criteria

| Category |
|----------|
| P5c      |
| E1       |

#### National regulations

##### Biocidal products regulation

###### Active substances

| Ingredient name |
|-----------------|
| dicopper oxide  |

**Authorization number** : HSE 10336-GB

**Product type** : PT21 Antifouling products Liquid. Paint.

**Type (Antifouling)** : Compliant with the International Convention on the Control of Harmful Antifouling Systems on Ships, 2001.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

|                                       |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
|                                       | Antifouling Type - Organotin-free conventional  |
| <b>Restrictions on use</b>            | : For professional and amateur use.   |
| <b>Application methods:</b>           | : Application Method: Airless Spray, Brush, Roller.<br>Theoretical Coverage: Airless Spray 5.00 m <sup>2</sup> /l @ 120.00 micron dft<br>Theoretical Coverage: Brush, Roller 10.00 m <sup>2</sup> /l @ 60.00 micron dft   |
| <b>Recommended Cleaner.</b>           | : Use Thinner No. 3 for cleaning of paint application equipment.  |
| <b>Warnings for vulnerable groups</b> | : Children shall be kept away until treated surfaces are dry.   |
| <b>Product Specific Information</b>   | : FIRST AID Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. IF SWALLOWED: Do NOT induce vomiting. Get immediate medical advice/attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Do not use solvents or thinners to clean the skin. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF INHALED: If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give nothing by mouth. Get medical attention if you feel unwell. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Do not reuse container. Collect spillage. Application, maintenance and repair activities shall be conducted within a contained area, on an impermeable hard standing with bunding or on soil covered with an impermeable material to prevent losses and minimize emissions to the environment, and that any losses or waste containing a biocide shall be collected for reuse or disposal. |

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

🔍 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Abbreviations and acronyms</b> | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate<br>CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]<br>DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level<br>DNEL = Derived No Effect Level<br>EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement<br>N/A = Not available<br>PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic<br>PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration<br>RRN = REACH Registration Number<br>SGG = Segregation Group |
|-----------------------------------|---|

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## SECTION 16: Other information

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification   | Justification   |
|--|---|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400<br>Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 | On basis of test data<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method<br>Calculation method |

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

|        |  |
|--------|--|
| H226   | Flammable liquid and vapor.  |
| H302   | Harmful if swallowed.  |
| H304   | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |
| H312   | Harmful in contact with skin.                                      |
| H315   | Causes skin irritation.  |
| H317   | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                               |
| H318   | Causes serious eye damage.   |
| H319   | Causes serious eye irritation.                                     |
| H332   | Harmful if inhaled.  |
| H335   | May cause respiratory irritation.                                  |
| H336   | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                                 |
| H372   | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.    |
| H373   | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H400   | Very toxic to aquatic life.  |
| H410   | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.              |
| H411   | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                   |
| H412   | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                 |
| H413   | May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.            |
| EUH066 | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.              |

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 4      | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                                     |
| Aquatic Acute 1   | AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1                             |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 1                         |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2                         |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3                         |
| Aquatic Chronic 4 | AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 4                         |
| Asp. Tox. 1       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                  |
| Eye Dam. 1        | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1                 |
| Eye Irrit. 2      | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2                 |
| Flam. Liq. 3      | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                                  |
| Skin Irrit. 2     | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2                          |
| Skin Sens. 1      | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1                                 |
| Skin Sens. 1A     | SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A                                |
| STOT RE 1         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 |
| STOT RE 2         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 |
| STOT SE 3         | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3   |

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## SECTION 16: Other information

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### Notice to reader

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